



Nano-Power, CMOS Input, RRIO, Push-Pull Output Comparator

1 FEATURES

- Low supply current 400nA (TYP) at VS = 1.4V
- Low input offset voltage: Vos(max) = ±3mV
- Rail-to-Rail Input and output
- Push-Pull Output
- SUPPLY RANGE: +1.4V to +5.5V
- SPECIFIED UP TO +125°C
- Micro SIZE PACKAGES: SC70-5, SOT23-5

2 APPLICATIONS

- OVERVOLTAGE AND UNDERVOLTAGE
 DETECTION
- MULTIVIBRATORS
- OVERCURRENT DETECTION
- SYSTEM MONITORING
- BATTERY POWERED SYSTEM

3 DESCRIPTIONS

The RS8901 offers a wide supply range, low quiescent current 400nA (TYP), and rail-to-rail inputs. All these features come in industry-standard and extremely small packages, making this device an excellent choice for low-voltage and low-power applications for portable electronics and industrial systems.

Featuring a push-pull output stage, the RS8901 allows for operation with absolute minimum power consumption when driving any capacitive or resistive load.

The devices are ideal for system monitoring, include tablets, portable medical, smart phones. The RS8901 is specified at the full temperature range of -40° C to $+125^{\circ}$ C under single power supplies of 1.4V to 5.5V.

Device Information⁽¹⁾

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)	
R58901	SOT23-5	1.60mm×2.92mm	
	SC70-5	2.10mm×1.25mm	

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.



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4 REVISION HISTORY

Note: Page numbers for previous revisions may different from page numbers in the current version.

VERSION	Change Date	Change Item
A.5	2021/5/12	Added the Maximum of transmission delay Added the Typical Applications and detailed Description
A.6	2022/1/25	 Delete the second remark in the Absolute Maximum Ratings in Page 4@A.5 Version. Change Functional Block Diagram Added TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION
A.7	2022/04/14	1.Change T _{PLH} parameter value in Page 6@A.6 Version. 2.Change TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS in Page 7@A.6 Version.
A.7.1	2024/02/23	Modify packaging naming
A.8	2024/03/27	 Added MSL on Page 5@RevA.7.1 Update Package thermal impedance Update PACKAGE note
A.9	2025/03/21	Add Charged-device model (CDM)



5 PACKAGE/ORDERING INFORMATION⁽¹⁾

Orderable Device	Package Type	Pin	Channel	Op Temp(°C)	Device Marking ⁽²⁾	MSL ⁽³⁾	Package Qty
RS8901XF	SOT23-5	5	1	-40°C ~125°C	8901	MSL3	Tape and Reel,3000
RS8901XC5	SC70-5 ⁽⁴⁾	5	1	-40°C ~125°C	8901	MSL3	Tape and Reel,3000

NOTE:

(1) This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the right-hand navigation.

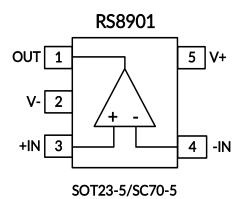
(2) There may be additional marking, which relates to the lot trace code information (data code and vendor code), the logo or the environmental category on the device.

(3) RUNIC classify the MSL level with using the common preconditioning setting in our assembly factory conforming to the JEDEC industrial standard J-STD-20F, Please align with RUNIC if your end application is quite critical to the preconditioning setting or if you have special requirement.

(4) Equivalent to SOT353.



6 PIN CONFIGURATION AND FUNCTIONS (TOP VIEW)



Pin Description

NAME	PIN	I/O ⁽¹⁾	DESCRIPTION
NAME	SOT23-5/SC70-5	1/0/	DESCRIPTION
OUT	1	0	Output
V+	5	Р	Positive (highest) power supply
V-	2	Р	Negative (lowest) power supply
-IN	4	I	Inverting input
+IN	3	I	Noninverting input

(1) I=Input, O=Output, P=Power.



7 SPECIFICATIONS

7.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) ⁽¹⁾

			MIN	MAX	UNIT		
	Supply, Vs=(V+) - (V-)		7				
Voltage	Input pin (IN+, IN-)		(V-)-0.5	(V+) +0.5	V		
	Signal output pin ⁽²⁾		(V-)-0.5	(V+) +0.5			
	Signal input pin (IN+, IN-)	-10	10	mA			
Current	Signal output pin ⁽²⁾	-55	55	mA			
	Output short-circuit ⁽³⁾	Conti					
0	Package thermal impedance ⁽⁴⁾	SOT23-5		230	°C/W		
ALθ	SC70-5			380			
	Operating range, T _A	-40	125				
Temperature	Junction, TJ ⁽⁵⁾	-40	150	°C			
	Storage, T _{stg}	-65	150				

(1) Stresses above these ratings may cause permanent damage. Exposure to absolute maximum conditions for extended periods may degrade device reliability. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those specified is not implied.

(2) Output terminals are diode-clamped to the power-supply rails. Output signals that can swing more than 0.5V beyond the supply rails should be current-limited to ±55mA or less.

(3) Short-circuit to ground, one amplifier per package.

(4) The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD-51.

(5) The maximum power dissipation is a function of $T_{J(MAX)}$, $R_{\theta JA}$, and T_A . The maximum allowable power dissipation at any ambient temperature is $P_D = (T_{J(MAX)} - T_A) / R_{\theta JA}$. All numbers apply for packages soldered directly onto a PCB.

7.2 ESD Ratings

The following ESD information is provided for handling of ESD-sensitive devices in an ESD protected area only.

			VALUE	UNIT
		Human-body model (HBM)	±3000	
V(ESD)	Electrostatic discharge	Charged-device model (CDM)	±1000	V
		Machine Model (MM)	±400	



ESD SENSITIVITY CAUTION

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

7.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

Over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
$\sum_{i=1}^{n} \sum_{j=1}^{n} \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \right) = \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \right)$	Single-supply	1.4		5.5	V
Supply voltage, Vs= (V+) - (V-)	Dual-supply	±0.7		±2.75	v



7.4 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(At $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$, Vs=1.4V to 5.5V, V_{CM}=Vs/2, C_L = 15pF, unless otherwise noted.)⁽¹⁾

DADAMETED		CONDITIONS		RS8901					
	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN ⁽²⁾	TYP ⁽³⁾	MAX ⁽²⁾	UNITS		
POWER S	UPPLY			•		•	•		
Vs	Operating Voltage Range			1.4		5.5	V		
lq	Quiescent Current				400	1500	nA		
PSRR	Power-Supply Rejection Ratio	Vs=1.4V to 5.5V	, V _{см} =(V)+0.5V		70		dB		
INPUT	·	•							
	la suit Offent Maltana	N N-12	Vs =1.4V		1	6			
Vos	Input Offset Voltage	V _{CM} =Vs/2	Vs =5.0V	-3	1	3	mV		
$\Delta Vos/\Delta T$	Input Offset Voltage Drift	V _{CM} =Vs/2, -40°	C ≤ T _A ≤125°C		2		μV/°C		
IB	Input Bias Current (4) (5)				1	10	pА		
Vсм	Common-Mode Voltage Range	T _A = -40°C to 12	25°C	(V-)-0.1		(V+)+0.1	V		
CMRR	Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	Vs=5.5V, V _{CM} =-	0.1 to 5.6V		70		dB		
OUTPUT									
Maria	Output Swing From Upper	Vs=1.4V, lo=0.1r	mA		70	75	mV		
Vон	Rail	Vs=5.0V, lo=2.5r		140	170	mV			
N/	Output Swing From Lower	Vs=1.4V, lo=-0.1mA			35	40	mV		
Vol	Rail	Vs=5.0V, Io=-2.5mA			85	115	mV		
	Short Circuit Sink Current	Vs=5.0V			42		mA		
lsc	Short Circuit Source Current	Vs=5.0V			38		mA		
SWITCHI	NG	•							
		Vs = 5.0 V, Over	drive = 10 mV		13	20			
		Vs = 5.0 V, Overdrive = 100 mV			9	14	1		
-		Vs = 2.5 V, Over		12	18				
TPHL	Propagation Delay H To L ⁽⁶⁾	Vs = 2.5 V, Over		8	12				
		Vs = 1.4 V, Overdrive = 10 mV			13	20			
		Vs = 1.4 V, Over	drive = 100 mV		9	14			
		Vs = 5.0 V, Over	drive = 10 mV		30	50	μs		
		Vs = 5.0 V, Over	drive = 100 mV		21	38			
T _{PLH} P		Vs = 2.5 V, Over		24	45				
	Propagation Delay L To H ⁽⁶⁾	Vs = 2.5 V, Over		15	30				
		Vs = 1.4 V, Over		25	50				
		Vs = 1.4 V, Over	drive = 100 mV		15	30			
T _R	Rise Time	Overdrive = 100	mV		240		ns		
T _F	Fall Time	Overdrive = 100	mV		260		ns		

NOTE:

(1) Electrical table values apply only for factory testing conditions at the temperature indicated. Factory testing conditions result in very limited self-heating of the device.

(2) Limits are 100% production tested at 25°C. Limits over the operating temperature range are ensured through correlations using statistical quality control (SQC) method.

(3) Typical values represent the most likely parametric norm as determined at the time of characterization. Actual typical values may vary over time and will also depend on the application and configuration.

(4) This parameter is ensured by design and/or characterization and is not tested in production.

(5) Positive current corresponds to current flowing into the device.

(6) High-to-low and low-to-high refers to the transition at the input.



7.5 TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

NOTE: The graphs and tables provided following this note are a statistical summary based on a limited number of samples and are provided for informational purposes only.

At $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$, Vs=5V, V_{CM} = Vs/2, CL=15pF unless otherwise noted.

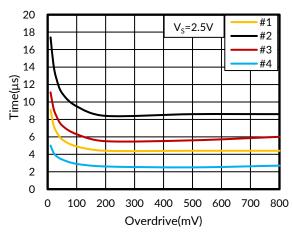


Figure 1. Response Time vs Input Overdrives Negative Transition

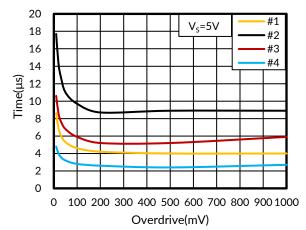


Figure 3. Response Time vs Input Overdrives Negative Transition

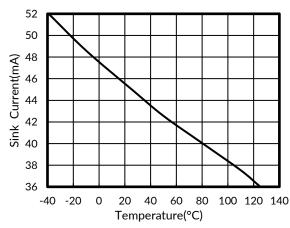


Figure 5. SINK CURRENT vs TEMPERATURE

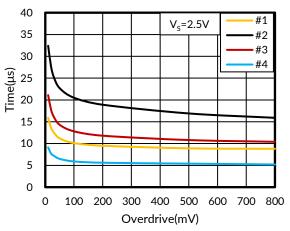


Figure 2. Response Time vs Input Overdrives Positive Transition

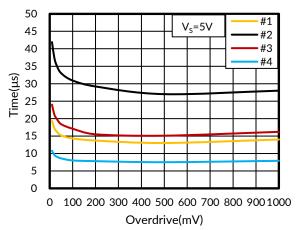


Figure 4. Response Time vs Input Overdrives Positive Transition

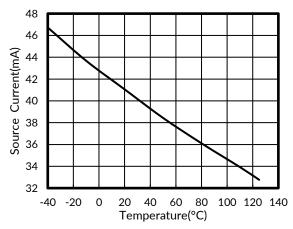


Figure 6. SOURCE CURRENT vs TEMPERATURE

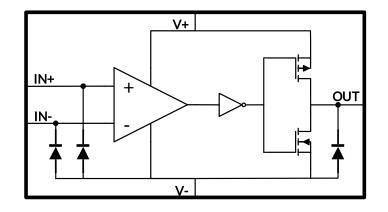


8 DETAILED DESCRIPTION

8.1 Overview

The RS8901 devices are single-channel, Nano-power comparators with a push-pull output stage. Operating from 1.4V to 5.5V and consuming only 400nA. The push-pull output of the RS8901 supports rail-to-rail output swing and interfaces with TTL/CMOS logic.

8.2 Functional Block Diagram



8.3 Feature Description

The RS8901 devices are Nano-Power comparators that can operate at low voltages. The RS8901 feature a rail-to-rail input stage capable of operating up to 100 mV beyond the VCC power supply rail.

8.4 Input Stage

The RS8901 has rail-to-rail input common-mode voltage range. It can operate at any differential input voltage within this limit as long as the differential voltage is greater than zero. A differential input of zero volts may result in oscillation.

The differential input stage of the comparator is a pair of PMOS and NMOS transistors, therefore, no current flows into the device. The input bias current measured is the leakage current in the MOS transistors and input protection diodes. This low bias current allows the comparator to interface with a variety of circuitry and devices with minimal concern about matching the input resistances.

8.5 Output Stage

The RS8901 has a MOS push-pull rail-to-rail output stage. The push-pull transistor configuration of the output keeps the total system power consumption to a minimum. The only current consumed by the RS8901 is the less than 1μ A supply current and the current going directly into the load. No power is wasted through the pullup resistor when the output is low. The output stage is specifically designed with dead time between the time when one transistor is turned off and the other is turned on (break-before-make) to minimize shoot through currents. The internal logic controls the break-before-make timing of the output transistors. The break-before-make delay varies with temperature and power condition.

8.6 Output Current

Even though the RS8901 uses less than 1μ A supply current, the outputs are able to drive very large currents. The RS8901 can source up to 38mA and can sink up to 42mA, when operated at 5V supply. This large current handling capability allows driving heavy loads directly.



9 APPLICATION INFORMATION

The RS8901 is an ultra-low-power comparator with a typical power supply current of 400nA. It has the best-in class power supply current versus propagation delay.

Typical Applications

9.1 Square Wave Generator

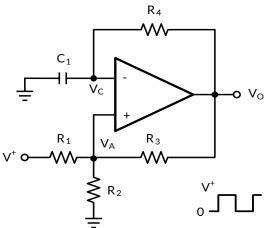


Figure 7. Square Wave Generator Schematic

9.2 Design Requirements

A typical application for a comparator is as a square wave oscillator. The circuit in Figure 7 generates a square wave whose period is set by the RC time constant of the capacitor C1 and resistor R4. The maximum frequency is limited by the large signal propagation delay of the comparator and by the capacitive loading at the output, which limits the output slew rate.

9.3 Detailed Design Procedure

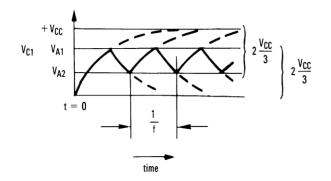


Figure 8. Square Wave Oscillator



Typical Applications(continued)

Consider the output of Figure 8 to be high to analyze the circuit. That implies that the inverted input (V_c) is lower than the noninverting input (V_A). This causes the C_1 to be charged through R₄, and the voltage V_c increases until it is equal to the noninverting input. The value of V_A at this point is in Equation 1.

$$V_{A1} = \frac{V_{CC} \times R_2}{R_2 + R_1 ||R_3}$$
 (1)

If $R_1 = R_2 = R_3$ then $V_{A1} = 2 V_{CC}/3$

At this point the comparator switches pulling down the output to the negative rail. The value of V_A at this point, as shown in Equation 2:

$$V_{A2} = \frac{V_{CC}(R_2 ||R_3)}{R_1 + (R_2 ||R_3)}$$

(2)

9.4 Application Curves

Figure 9 shows the simulated results of an oscillator using the following values: 1. $R_1 = R_2 = R_3 = R_4 = 100 \text{ k}\Omega$ 2. $C_1 = 100 \text{ pF}$, $C_L = 20 \text{ pF}$ 3. V + = 5 V, V - = GND4. C_{STRAY} (not shown) from Va to GND = 10 pF

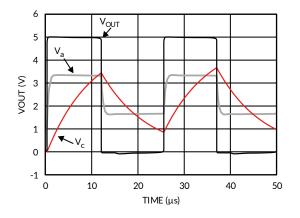
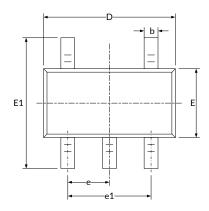
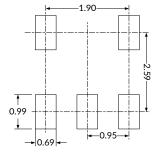


Figure 9. Square Wave Oscillator Output Waveform

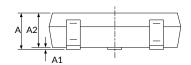


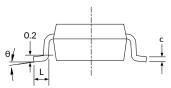
10 PACKAGE OUTLINE DIMENSIONS SOT23-5⁽³⁾





RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN (Unit: mm)





Sumbol	Dimensions I	n Millimeters	Dimensions In Inches			
Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Мах		
A ⁽¹⁾	1.050	1.250	0.041	0.049		
A1	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.004		
A2	1.050	1.150	0.041	0.045		
b	0.300	0.500 0.012		0.020		
с	0.100	0.200	0.004	0.008		
D ⁽¹⁾	2.820	3.020	0.111	0.119		
E ⁽¹⁾	1.500	1.700	0.059	0.067		
E1	2.650	2.950	0.104	0.116		
e	0.950(BSC) ⁽²⁾		0.037(BSC) ⁽²⁾		
e1	1.800	2.000	0.071	0.079		
L	0.300	0.600	0.012	0.024		
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°		

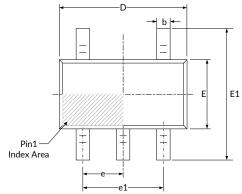
NOTE:

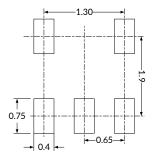
1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15mm maximum per side are not included.

2. BSC (Basic Spacing between Centers), "Basic" spacing is nominal.
 3. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

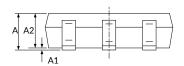


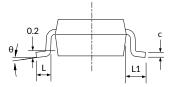
SC70-5⁽³⁾





RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN (Unit: mm)





Counch al	Dimensions I	n Millimeters	Dimensions In Inches			
Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Мах		
A ⁽¹⁾	0.900	1.100	0.035	0.043		
A1	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.004		
A2	0.900	1.000	0.035	0.039		
b	0.150	0.350	0.006	0.014		
с	0.080	0.150	0.003	0.006		
D ⁽¹⁾	2.000	2.200	0.079	0.087		
E ⁽¹⁾	1.150	1.350	0.045	0.053		
E1	2.150	2.450	0.085	0.096		
e	0.650(BSC) ⁽²⁾		0.026(BSC) ⁽²⁾		
e1	1.300(BSC) ⁽²⁾	0.051(BSC) ⁽²⁾		
L	0.260	0.460	0.010	0.018		
L1	0.5	525	0.0	21		
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°		

NOTE:

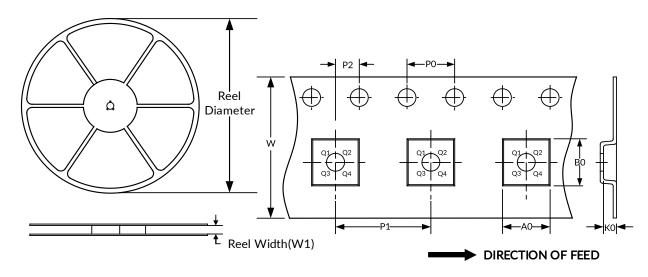
Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15mm maximum per side are not included.
 BSC (Basic Spacing between Centers), "Basic" spacing is nominal.
 This drawing is subject to change without notice.



11 TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

REEL DIMENSIONS

TAPE DIMENSION



NOTE: The picture is only for reference. Please make the object as the standard.

KEY PARAMETER LIST OF TAPE AND REEL

Package Type	Reel Diameter	Reel Width(mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	P2 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SOT23-5	7"	9.5	3.20	3.20	1.40	4.0	4.0	2.0	8.0	Q3
SC70-5	7"	9.5	2.25	2.55	1.20	4.0	4.0	2.0	8.0	Q3

NOTE:

1. All dimensions are nominal.

2. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15mm maximum per side are not included.

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